# Revised Southern Development Plan

Lawrence-Douglas County Planning Commission Approved 11/28/07 Lawrence City Commission Approved 12/18/07 Board of County Commissions Approved 1/7/08

# **REVISED**

Lawrence-Douglas County Planning Commission Approved 5/20/13
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#### INTRODUCTION

# **Background and Purpose**

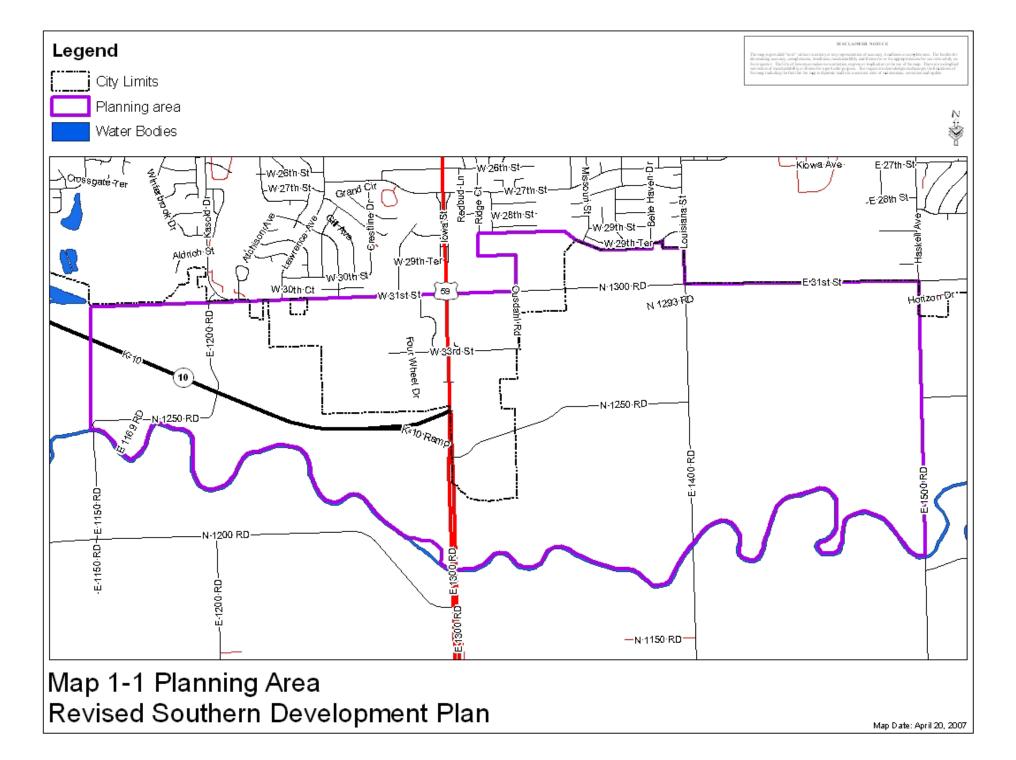
The original Southern Development Plan was adopted March 1, 1994 by the Lawrence City Commission. This plan covered an area roughly bounded on the north by W. 31<sup>st</sup> Street, to the west by Kasold Drive, to the south by the north bank of the Wakarusa River, and to the east by Louisiana Street. This land was historically used for agricultural purposes and with the growth of the city moving south and west, a guide for development was needed. The study area has not developed to the extent that the Southern Development Plan had anticipated, and the plan needs to be updated.

The purpose of the *Revised Southern Development Plan* is to update the boundaries of the study area and update the plan regarding land use, existing facilities, and transportation to show current information. Also, updated land use policies, and future land use maps are needed to reflect the current conditions and current community visions.

# **Description of Planning Area**

The planning area for the *Revised Southern Development Plan* has been expanded to include property along the W. 31<sup>st</sup> Street corridor to allow the consideration of future transportation issues. The adjusted planning area for the *Revised Southern Development Plan* contains approximately 2,260 acres, and is shown on Map 1-1. The planning area is contained as follows:

- to the north: W. 31<sup>st</sup> Street and the properties north of W. 31<sup>st</sup> Street between Ousdahl Road and Louisiana Street;
- to the west: E. 1150 Road extended:
- to the south: the north side of the Wakarusa River;
- to the east: E. 1500 Road (Haskell Avenue).



# **Policy Framework**

Horizon 2020 serves as the overall planning guide and policy document for this plan. In addition to Horizon 2020, guiding policy is also obtained in other adopted physical element plans. Together, these plans serve as the general "umbrella" policies under which the plan is developed. Listed, these plans are:

- Horizon 2020, The Comprehensive Plan for Lawrence and Unincorporated Douglas County. Lawrence-Douglas County Metropolitan Planning Office. 1998.
- Transportation 2025, Lawrence/Douglas County Long Range Transportation Plan. Lawrence/ Douglas County Metropolitan Planning Office and LSA Associates. September 2002.
- Lawrence-Douglas County Bicycle Plan, Lawrence/ Douglas County Metropolitan Planning Office. May 2004.
- Lawrence Parks & Recreation Department A Comprehensive Master Plan. Leon Younger & PROS. 2000.
- 31<sup>st</sup> Street Corridor Study, Iowa Street to County Route 1057. TransSystems Corporation. January 28, 2003.
- City of Lawrence, Kansas Water Master Plan. Black & Veatch. December 2003.
- City of Lawrence, Kansas Wastewater Master Plan. Black & Veatch. December 2003.

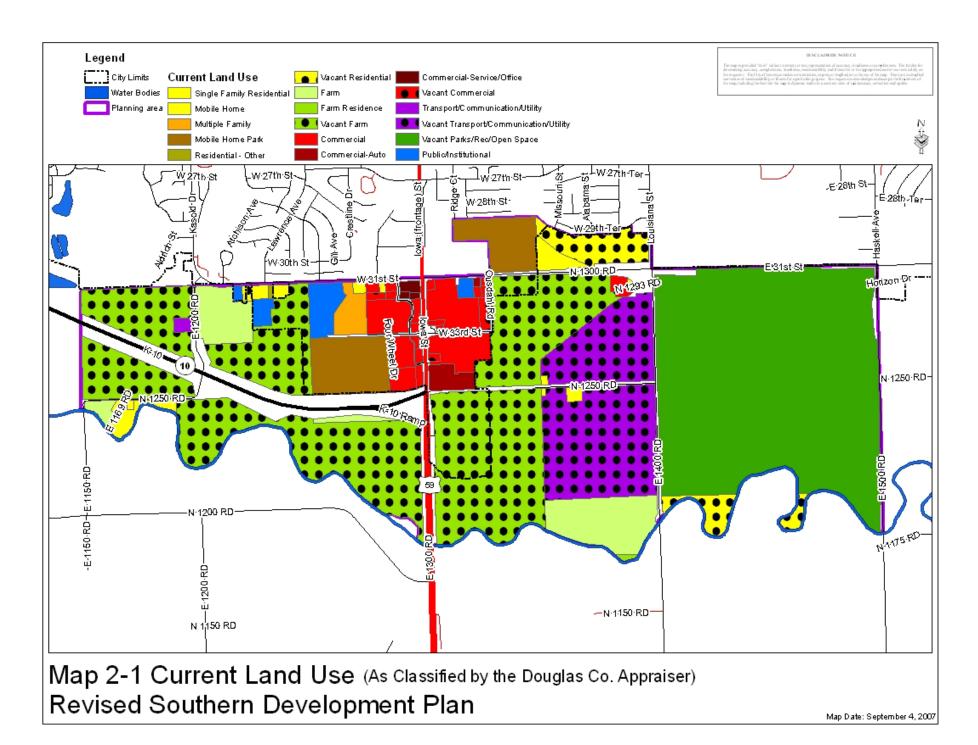
# **EXISTING CONDITIONS**

# **Current Land Use**

The *Revised Southern Development Plan's* current land uses vary from farmland to commercial uses within its approximately 2,260 acres. According to the Douglas County Appraiser's Office, the majority of the acreage is categorized as Parks/Rec/Open Space and Commercial land uses. These two uses comprise of over half of the planning area's acreage. The appraiser's land use acreage totals excludes most road right-of-ways.

Table 2-1

Appraiser's Land Use Classification	Acres
Single Family Residential	37.03
Mobile Home	0.74
Multiple Family	16.48
Mobile Home Park	96.87
Residential - Other	0.87
Vacant Residential	63.44
Farm	111.40
Farm Residence	1.41
Vacant Farm	692.24
Commercial	104.16
Commercial-Auto	13.69
Commercial-Service/Office	4.38
Vacant Commercial	8.10
Transport/Communication/Utility	3.51
Vacant Transport/Communication/Utility	89.08
Vacant Parks/Rec/Open Space	763.22
Public/Institutional	31.52
TOTAL	2,038.13



# **Current Zoning**

The City of Lawrence Land Development Code and the Zoning Regulations for the Unincorporated Territory of Douglas County are intended to implement the goals and policies in Horizon 2020 in a manner that protects the health, safety, and general welfare of the citizens. The Land Development Code and the Douglas County Zoning Regulations establish zoning regulations for each land use category which development must follow.

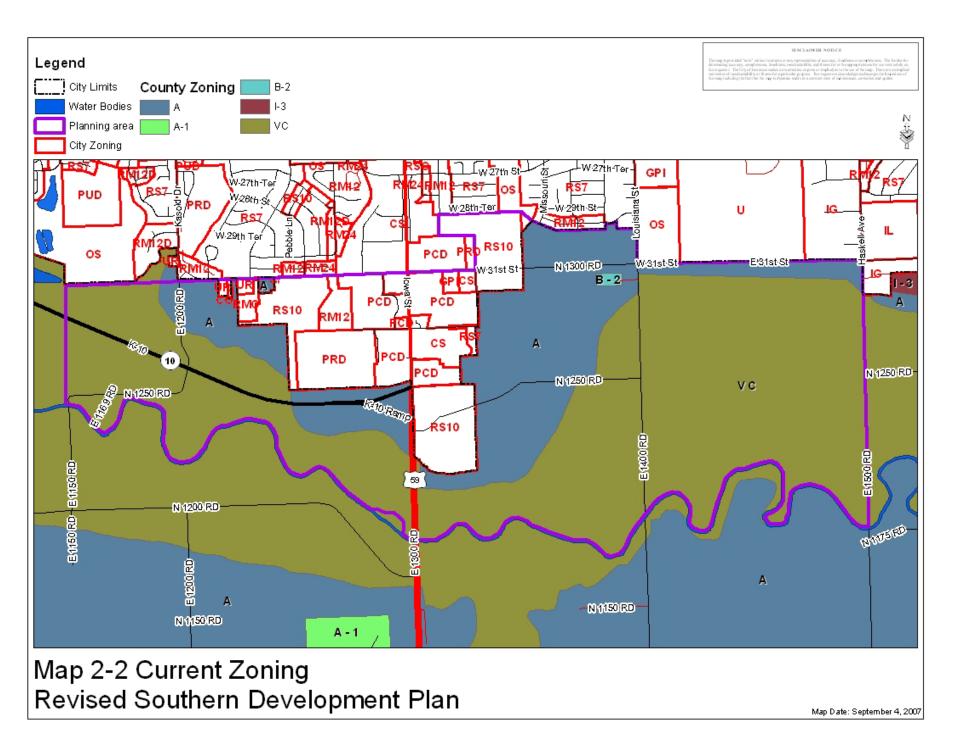
The *Revised Southern Development Plan* planning area is located partially in the county and partially within the city. Map 2-2 shows the current zoning designations and the tables below describe the map designations.

Table 2-2

City Zoning	District Name	Comprehensive Plan Designation
RS10	Single-Dwelling Residential (10,000 sq. feet per dwelling unit)	Low-Density Residential
RS7	Single-Dwelling Residential (7,000 sq. feet per dwelling unit)	Low-Density Residential
RM12	Multi-Dwelling Residential (12 dwelling units per acre)	Medium-Density Residential
PRD	Planned Residential Development	N/A
СО	Office Commercial	Office or Office/Research
CS	Strip Commercial	N/A
PCD	Planned Commercial Development	N/A
GPI	General Public and Institutional	N/A
UR	Urban Reserve	N/A

Table 2-3

County Zoning	District Name	Comprehensive Plan Designation
А	Agricultural District	Agriculture
B-2	General Business District	N/A
V-C	Valley Channel District	N/A



#### **Current Infrastructure**

#### <u>Water</u>

City water is supplied to most of the planning area that is within the city limits. The portions of the planning area that are located in the county are not located in a rural water district. These properties are obtaining water from wells located on the property. The City water lines are shown on Map 2-3.

# Sanitary Sewer

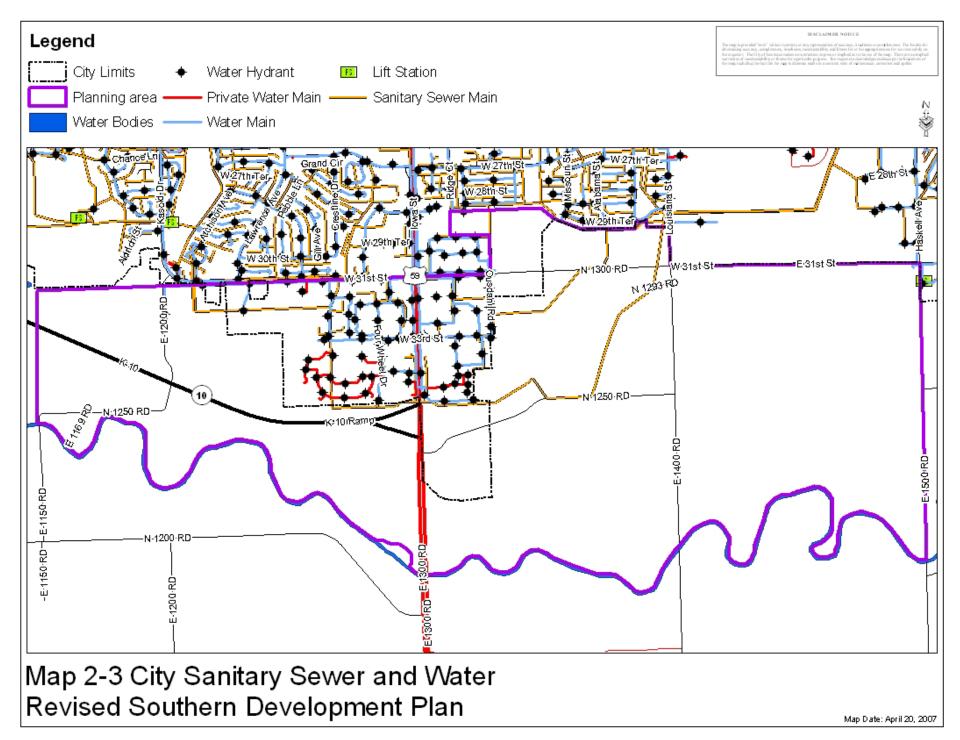
City sanitary sewer is supplied to most of the planning area that is within the city limits and to limited areas in the county. The portions of the planning area located in the county that are not serviced by City sanitary sewer are serviced by private septic systems. The City sanitary sewer lines are shown on Map 2-3.

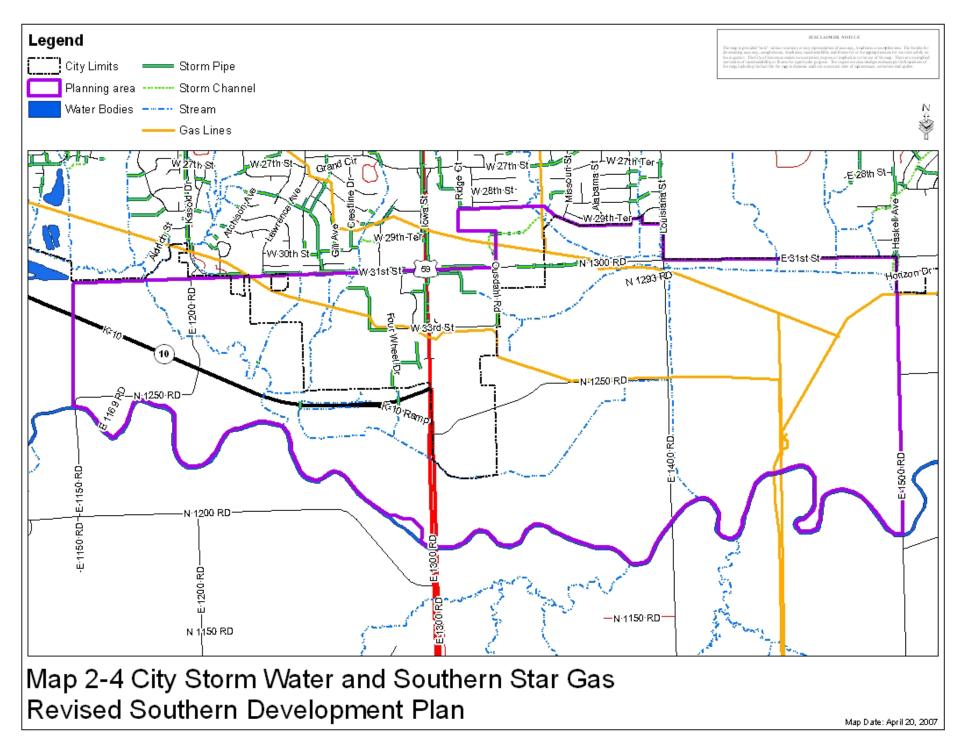
#### Storm Sewer

City storm sewer is provided throughout the planning area that is within the city limits by storm pipes, storm channels, or by way of streams. The portion of the planning area that is in the county is partially serviced by way of streams. The City storm sewer and streams are shown on Map 2-4.

#### Gas

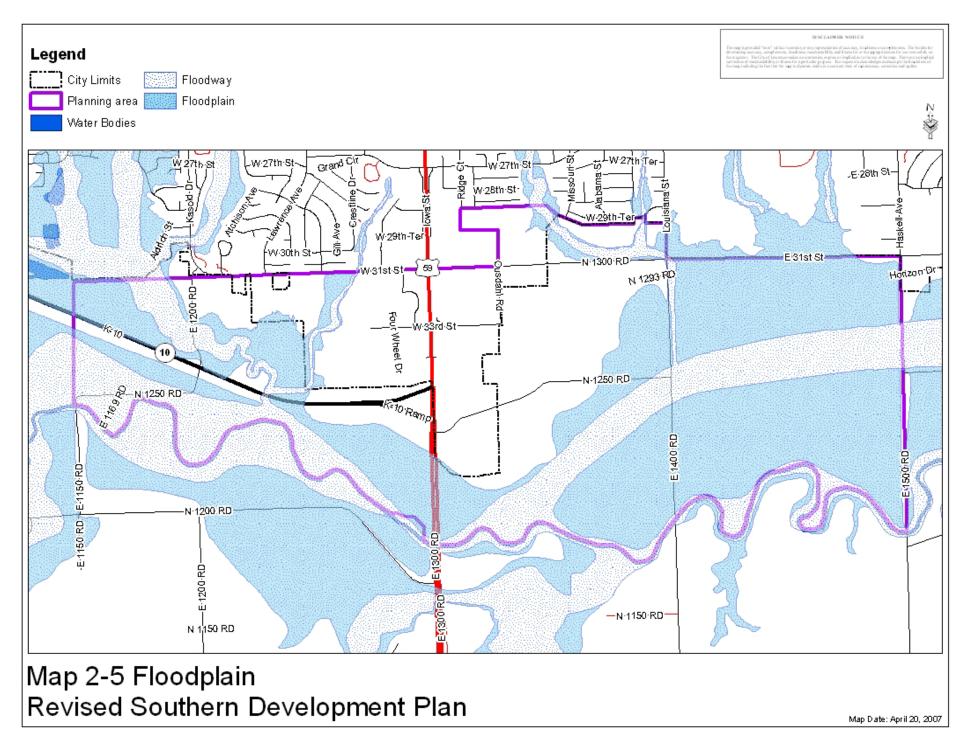
Southern Star Gas has pipes that pass though a large portion of the planning area. These pipelines are shown on Map 2-4.





# Floodplain

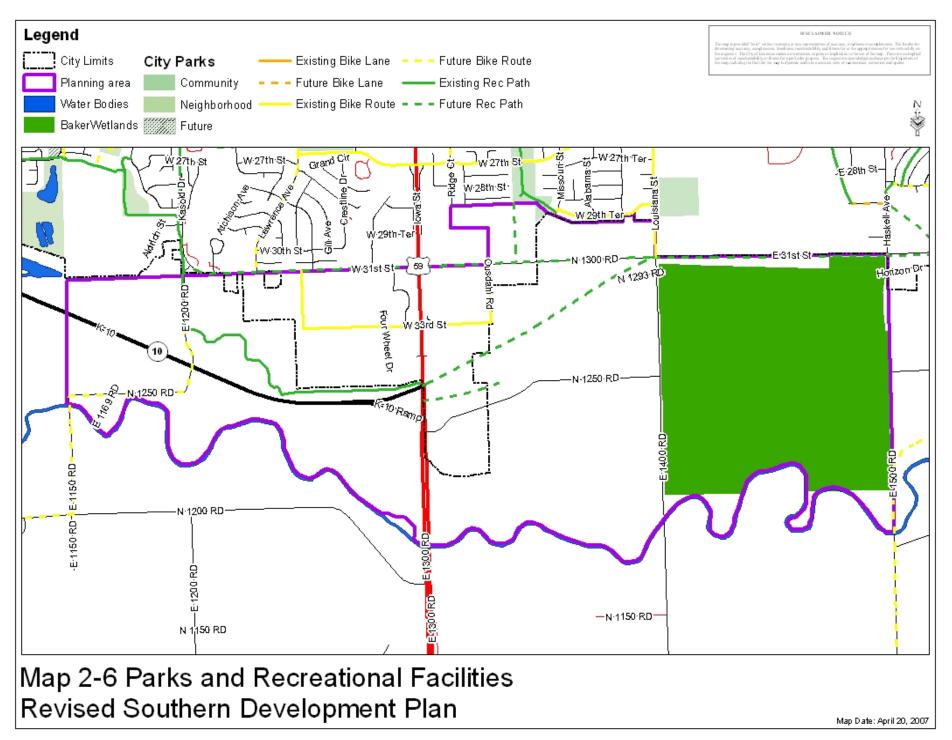
The FEMA (Federal Emergency Management Agency) designated special flood hazard area makes up a large portion of the *Revised Southern Development Plan* planning area and is shown on Map 2-5. Of the total 2,260 acres within the planning area, 1,464 acres are located within the floodplain and/or the floodway. The floodplain is any land area susceptible to being inundated by flood waters from any source. The floodway is the channel of a river or other watercourse and the adjacent land areas that must be reserved in order to discharge the base flood without cumulatively increasing the water surface elevation more than a designated height. Developing in the floodplain is allowed both in the City and in the County based on the corresponding regulations. No development is allowed in the floodway except for flood control structures, road improvements, easements and rights-of-way, or structures for bridging the floodway.



#### Parks and Recreational Facilities

The planning area of the *Revised Southern Development Plan* includes one park and recreational facility shown on Map 2-6. The planning area includes existing and future bike routes and recreational paths. Bike routes are a network of streets to enable direct, convenient, and safe access for bicyclists. A Recreational path is a separate path adjacent to and independent of the street and is intended solely for non-motorized travel.

The Haskell-Baker Wetlands is located on the eastern edge of the planning area and includes approximately 583 acres of wetlands. These wetlands are jointly owned by Baker University, Haskell Indian Nations University, the Kansas Department of Wildlife and Parks, and University of Kansas. The wetlands are a National Natural Landmark and they support 471 documented species of vascular plant, 254 species of bird, and 61 additional vertebrate species. A self guided tour of the wetlands via a boardwalk is provided through the wetlands.



# **Transportation**

#### <u>Streets</u>

Transportation 2025 (T2025) is the comprehensive, long-range transportation plan for the metropolitan area. T2025 designates streets according to their functional classification or their primary purpose. These functional classifications are shown on Map 2-7. The classification system can be described as a hierarchy from the lowest order, local streets that serve to provide direct access to adjacent property, to collector streets that carry traffic from local streets, to major thoroughfares (arterial streets) that carry traffic across the entire city. Freeways and expressways are the highest order of streets and are designed with limited access to provide the highest degree of mobility to serve large traffic volumes with long trip lengths.

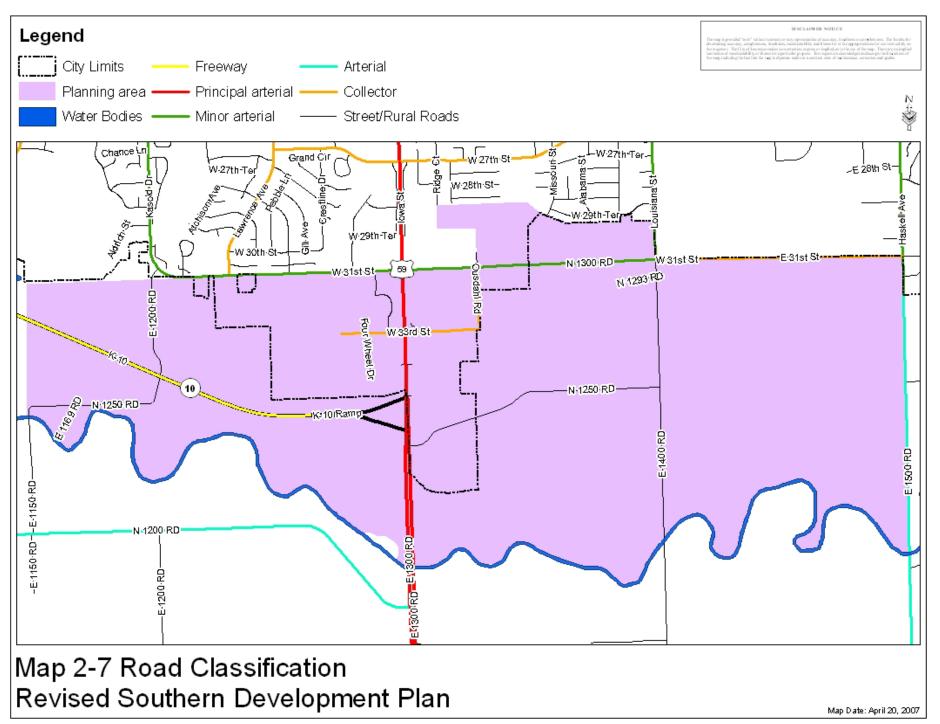
The planning area for the *Revised Southern Development Plan* includes all the *Transportation 2025* identified gateways into Lawrence from the south. S. Iowa Street/Hwy 59 is identified as a major gateway, and Louisiana Street /E. 1400 Road and Haskell Avenue/E. 1500 Road are identified as minor gateways.

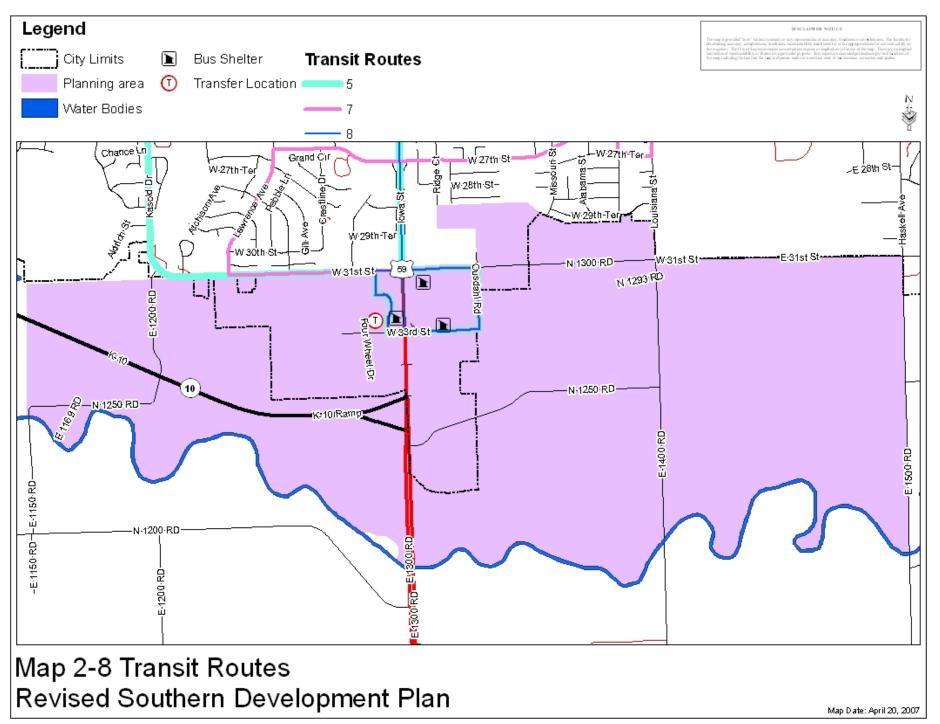
*Transportation 2025* identifies the South Lawrence Traffic Way (SLT/K-10) and S. Iowa Street/Hwy 59 as truck routes.

# Transit

Lawrence has a public transportation system (The "T") which operates throughout the city. This system allows people that do not live within walking distance of a neighborhood to utilize the neighborhood services without relying on an automobile. The city transit system has three routes that travel into the *Revised Southern Development Plan* planning area, which are shown along with shelters and a transfer location, on Map 2-8.

- Route 5, 23rd/Clinton Crosstown Wakarusa/South Iowa/Industrial Park, travels through the planning area along Kasold Drive, W. 31<sup>st</sup> Street, Neider Road, Four Wheel Drive, and S. Iowa Street.
- Route 7, South Iowa/Downtown, travels through the planning area along Lawrence Avenue, W. 31<sup>st</sup> Street, Neider Road, Four Wheel Drive, W. 33<sup>rd</sup> Street, Ousdahl Road, and S. Iowa Street.
- Route 8, KU/South Iowa/Downtown, travels through the planning area along Lawrence Avenue, W. 31<sup>st</sup> Street, Neider Road, Four Wheel Drive, W. 33<sup>rd</sup> Street, Ousdahl Road, and S. Iowa Street.





# RECOMMENDATIONS

Land Use (See Map 3-1 or Map 3-2)

# <u>Low-Density Residential</u>:

The intent of the low-density residential use is to allow for single-dwelling type uses.

Density: 6 or fewer dwelling units per acre

Intensity: Low Applicable Areas:

- Property southwest of the intersection of Kasold Drive and W. 31<sup>st</sup> Street, and west and east of E. 1200 Road.
- Property southwest of the intersection of Four Wheel Drive and W. 33<sup>rd</sup> Street.

Zoning Districts: RS7 (Single-Dwelling Residential), RS5 (Single-Dwelling Residential), RM12 (Multiple-Dwelling Residential), RM12D (Multi-Dwelling Duplex Residential), PD (Planned Development Overlay)

Primary Uses: Single-family dwellings, duplex, attached dwellings, group home, public and civic uses

# Medium-Density Residential:

The intent of the medium-density residential use is to allow for a variety of types of residential options for the area.

Density: 7-15 dwelling units per acre

Intensity: Medium Applicable Areas:

- Property to the south of W. 31<sup>st</sup> Street and west and east of Lawrence Avenue.
- Property to the southwest of the intersection of Four Wheel Drive and W. 31<sup>st</sup> Street.
- Property between Ousdahl Road and Louisiana Street, south of W. 31<sup>st</sup> Street.
- Property to the north and west of the intersection of Louisiana Street and W. 31<sup>st</sup> Street, north of the floodplain.
- Property to the southwest of N. 1250 Road.

Zoning Districts: RS5 (Single-Dwelling Residential), RS3 (Single-Dwelling Residential), RM12 (Multiple-Dwelling Residential), RM12D (Multi-Dwelling Duplex Residential), RM15 (Multiple-Dwelling Residential), PD (Planned Development Overlay)

Primary Uses: Single-family dwellings, duplex, attached dwellings, multi-dwelling structures, group home, civic and public uses

#### Residential/Office:

The intent of the residential/office use is to allow a mix of office use with low-density residential uses.

Density: 4-15 dwelling units per acre

Intensity: Low-Medium

Applicable Areas:

 Property along the east side of Ousdahl Road, south of W. 31<sup>st</sup> Street.

Zoning Districts: RSO (Single-Dwelling Residential-Office), PD (Planned Development Overlay)

Primary Uses: Single-family dwellings, duplex, group home, civic and public uses, veterinary, offices, personal improvement

#### Office:

The intent of the office use is to allow for general office uses that would be minimally evasive to nearby residential uses.

Intensity: Medium Applicable Areas:

 Property to the south of W. 31<sup>st</sup> Street and west and east of Lawrence Avenue.

Zoning Districts: CO (Commercial Office), PD (Planned Development Overlay)

Primary Uses: Civic and public uses, medical offices, veterinary office and grooming, general office

# <u>Traditional Neighborhood Development (TND)</u>:

The intent of Traditional Neighborhood Development areas are characterized by mixed land uses, grid like street patterns, pedestrian circulation, intensively-used open spaces, architectural character, and a sense of community.

Density: Variable Intensity: Variable Applicable Areas:

- Property between Ousdahl Road and Louisiana Street, south of W. 31<sup>st</sup> Street.
- Property to the southwest of N. 1250 Road

Zoning Districts: T3, T4, T5, T5.5

Primary Uses: Residential, retail, office, civic

#### Commercial:

The intent of the commercial use is to allow for retail and service type uses geared toward the community as a whole and autorelated uses geared toward traffic from Hwy K-10.

Intensity: Medium to High

Applicable Areas:

- Property to the south of W. 31<sup>st</sup> Street and west and east to the floodplain of Iowa Street/Hwy 59. (Regional Commercial Center)
- Property to the southeast and southwest of the intersection of K-10 and Hwy 59. (Auto-Related Commercial Center)

Zoning Districts: CC (Community Commercial Centers District), PD (Planned Development Overlay)

Primary Uses: Civic and public uses, animal services, eating and drinking establishments, general office, retail sales and services, vehicle sales and services

# Open Space:

The intent of the open space use is to protect the FEMA designated floodplain by allowing very minimal development for the public use.

Intensity: Minimal

Applicable Areas:

- Property to the north of the Wakarusa River.
- Property designated by FEMA to be 100 year floodplain or floodway.

Zoning Districts: OS (Open Space), UR (Urban Reserve)

Primary Uses: Passive recreation, nature preserve, agricultural

#### Public/ Institutional:

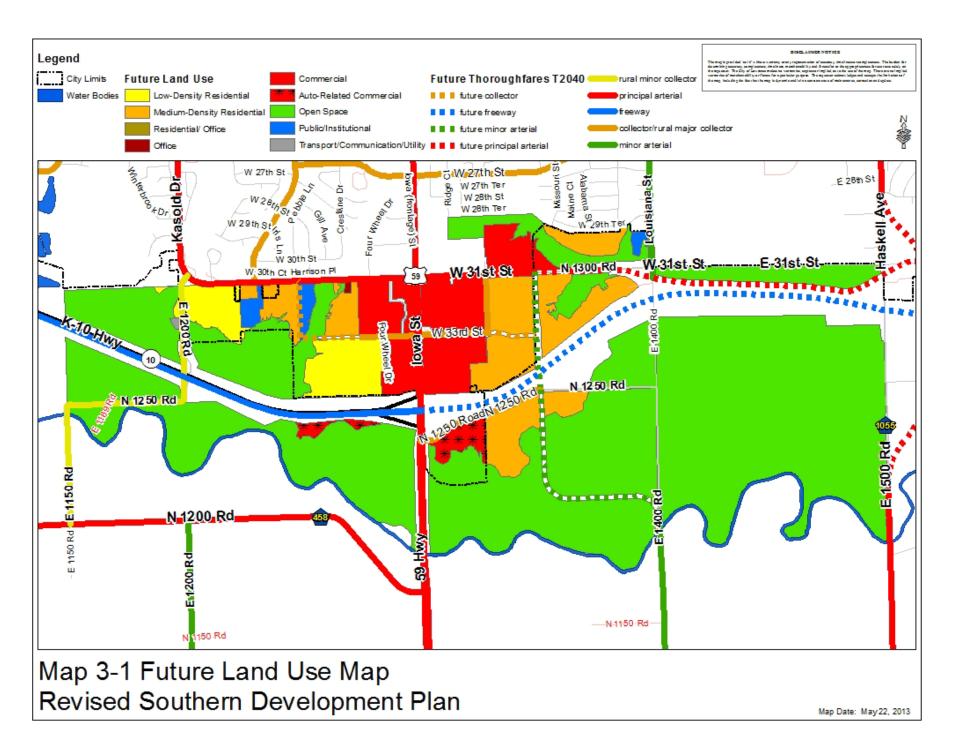
The intent of the public/institutional use is to allow for public and civic uses, recreational facilities, and utility uses.

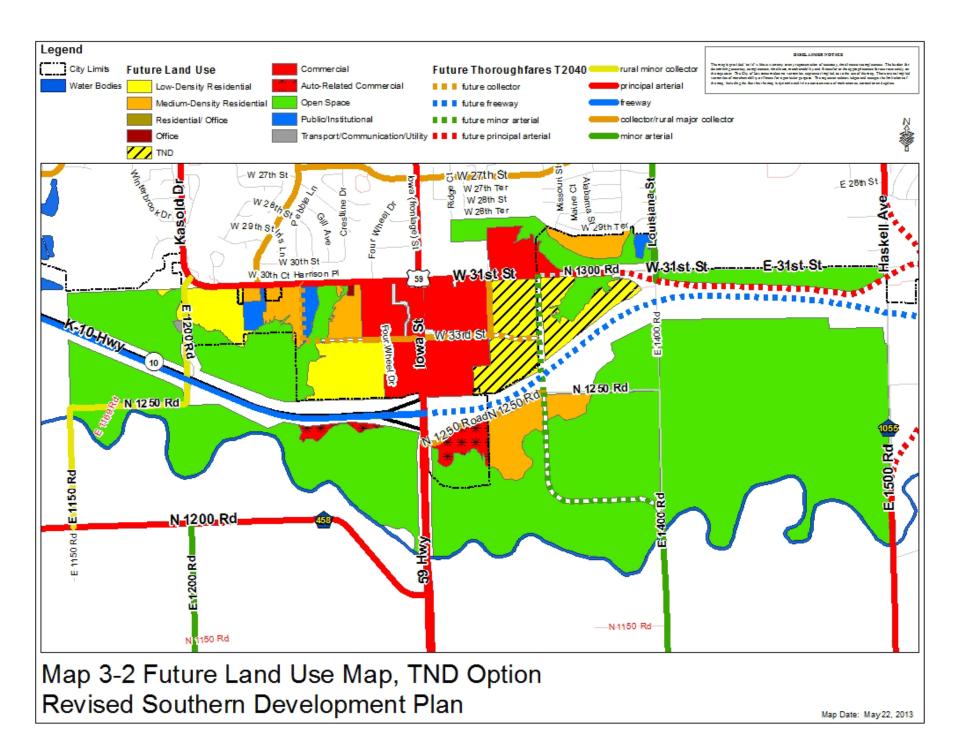
Intensity: Variable Applicable Areas:

- Residential care facility south of the intersection of W. 31<sup>st</sup> Street and Lawrence Avenue.
- Social service facility south of the intersection of W. 31<sup>st</sup> Street and Harrison Avenue.
- Property at the northwest corner of W. 31<sup>st</sup> and Louisiana Streets.

Zoning Districts: GPI (General Public and Institutional)

Primary Uses: Civic and public uses, recreational facilities, utility services





#### **Policies**

#### <u>General</u>

1. Traditional Neighborhood Design (TND) is encouraged where identified.

# <u>Gateways</u>

- 1. Development shall enhance 'Gateways' by creating an aesthetically pleasing view into the city.
- 2. Aesthetically pleasing landscaped entry way along Gateways shall be required. Both public and private property owners are responsible for achieving and maintaining this aesthetically pleasing landscaping.
- 3. Fencing installations shall incorporate continuous landscaping at the base and edges of the fence to integrate the fence with site and landscaping
- 4. High quality, aesthetically pleasing building materials should be used.
- 5. Pedestrian friendly connectivity between properties shall be incorporated.

# Commercial

- Encourage diversity and gradation of uses with access restricted to arterial, frontage road, or collector streets. Commercial curb cuts on major arterials shall be discouraged and frontage roads shall be encouraged.
- 2. Planned Development Overlay zones shall be self-contained with consideration given to: independent traffic networks; land use buffers; and/or a gradation of land uses, as well as, landscaped buffer(s) along the perimeter of the planned commercial development.
- 3. Future commercial development and/or redevelopments of existing commercial areas shall be in the form of Planned Development Overlays.

#### Residential

- Landscaped or open space buffers shall occur between major arterials and residential developments (exclusive of dedicated rightof-way).
- 2. The gradation of residential intensities of land uses is encouraged as this area develops or redevelops. Medium intensity areas shall be used as buffers between more intensive developments and low-density residential areas. Low-density residential developments shall be encouraged to develop on the interior of the neighborhoods units.
- 3. Single-family lots shall be designed to take access only from local streets.
- 4. Planned Residential Developments are encouraged where creative design solutions are warranted.
- 5. Property northwest of the intersection of W. 31<sup>st</sup> and Louisiana Streets, north of the FEMA designated floodplain shall:
  - have a gross density of no more than 8 dwelling units per acre, and
  - develop with similar residential character to the neighborhood to the north including such structures as single-family dwellings, duplexes, triplexes, and rowhouses.

# Open Space/Floodplain

- 1. Encourage recreational uses that do not alter the natural character of the area.
- 2. Encourage preservation of the floodplain or open space through private or public/private partnerships.
- 3. Areas within the regulatory floodplain shall not be counted as *contributing* more than 50% of the open space *used* in the computation of density for Planned Development Overlays e.g., areas designated as open space/floodplain cannot be used to justify increased residential development densities.
- 4. Encourage connection between public lands and bicycle/pedestrian trails along the South Lawrence Trafficway (SLT).
- 5. Encourage acquisition or development of land for neighborhood recreational paths.

# Landscaping

- 1. Encourage extensive open space and/or berming between different land use categories (e.g., commercial and residential) to provide noise and visual buffers.
- 2. Encourage native/low-maintenance landscape materials on public lands.

# <u>Transportation Network and Corridors</u>

- 1. Proposed development along W. 31<sup>st</sup> Street east of S. Iowa Street should assist in the cost of the interim W. 31<sup>st</sup> Street and Louisiana Street intersection improvements.
- 2. Commercial vehicular circulation patterns shall be primarily self-contained within the commercially zoned and developed area.
- 3. Limit access points onto arterial streets through the use of frontage roads and encourage reverse frontage road(s) access to be located at mid-points of blocks.
- 4. Sufficient area, outside of the required street rights-of-way, shall be required to provide screening along major transportation corridors. This area shall be restricted in use to providing for: utility needs, berming, and landscaping needs.
- 5. Churches and other community facilities shall be located where access is available from collector or arterial streets.
- 6. *Transportation 2030* or subsequent long-range transportation plans, once adopted, shall supersede any recommendations, actions, or policies referenced in *Transportation 2025*.

#### <u>Signage</u>

- 1. Signs shall be restricted to one building face (side).
- 2. Signage on the site (in addition to the building face sign) shall be restricted to monument type signs.
- 3. Allow only interior illuminated (or comparable) signs.

#### Utilities

- 1. Future utility transmission lines and existing overhead lines shall be placed underground when installed or replaced.
- 2. Easements for utility lines shall not coincide with easements dedicated for another specific purpose e.g., greenspace, drainage, or to protect environmental or natural characteristics such as wetlands areas.
- 3. All utilities should be provided, whether public or private, before development is allowed to proceed.

# **Exterior Lighting**

1. Encourage maximum efficiency, low wattage, downward directional exterior lighting. The point source shall be screened from view offsite.